SYLLABUS FOR POST GRADUATE COURSE IN POLITICAL SCIENCE

(Master of Arts Examination)

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)

2023-2025



First Semester Examination	2023-24
Second Semester Examination	2023-24
Third Semester Examination	2024-25
Fourth Semester Examination	2024-25

SCIENCE COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) HINJILICUT, GANJAM, ODISHA

2023

M.A POLITICAL SCIENCE Course Structure (2022-23)

	Semester-I					
Paper Code	Paper	Credits	Core/ Elective	Int. Marks	Ext Marks	Marks
PSC C 101	POLITICAL THEORY	4	Core	20	80	100
PSC C 102	INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS	4	Core	20	80	100
PSC C 103	THEORIES OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS	4	Core	20	80	100
PSC C 104	PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION	4	Core	20	80	100
PSC C 105	WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT-I	4	Core	20	80	100
	1	20				500
	Semester-II					
Paper Code	Paper	Credi	ts Core/ Electiv	Int. e Marks	Ext Marks	Marks
PSC C 201	POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY	4	Core	20	80	100
PSC C 202	COMPARATIVE POLITICAL ANALYS	(S 4	Core	20	80	100
PSC C 203	CONTEMPORARY ISSUES IN INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS	4	Core	20	80	100
PSC C 204	ADMINISTRATIVE THEORY	4	Core	20	80	100
PSC C 205	WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT-II	4	Core	20	80	100
PSC VAC- 206	HUMAN RIGHTS IN INDIA: CONCEPT AND PRACTICE		Non- Credit			Grade
	TOTAL	20	20			500
	Semester-III				1	
Paper Code	Paper	Credit	ts Core/ Electiv	Int. e Marks	Ext Marks	Marks
PSC E- 301(A)	INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT	4	Electiv	e 20	80	100
PSC E- 301(B)	POLITICAL PROCESSES IN INDIA	4	Electiv	e 20	80	100
PSC E- 302(A)	INDIA'S FOREIGN POLICY	4	Electiv	e 20	80	100
PSC E- 302(B)	INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS OF SOUTH ASIA	4	Electiv	e 20	80	100
PSC E- 303(A)	PUBLIC POLICY AND GOVERNANCE	4	Electiv	e 20	80	100
PSC E- 303(B)	SOCIAL EXCLUSION AND INCLUSIVI POLICY	Ξ4	Electiv	e 20	80	100

PSC E-	POLITICAL IDEOLOGIES	4	Elective	20	80	100
304(A)						
PSC E-	CRITICAL TRADITIONS IN POLITICAL	4	Elective	20	80	100
304(B)	THEORY					
	INDIAN POLITICAL SYSTEM (CBCT)	4	CBCT	20	80	100
PSC VAC-	FEMINISM: THEORIES AND		Non-			Grade
305	PRACTICES		Credit			
		20		100	400	500
	Semester-IV					
		Hours	Credits	Int.	Ext	
Paper Code	Paper	Per		Marks	Marks	Marks
		Week				
PSC E-401(A	A) NEW SOCIAL AND POLITICAL		Elective	20	80	
	MOVEMENTS IN INDIA	4				100
PSC E-401(E	B) LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND POLITIC	S	Elective	20	80	
	IN INDIA	4				100
PSC E-402(A	A) FOREIGN POLICY OF MAJOR POWER	S	Elective	20	80	
		4				100
PSC E-402(E	3) INDIA AND REGIONAL		Elective	20	80	
	ORGANIZATIONS					
PSC E403(A) STATE POLITICS IN ODISHA	4	Elective	20	80	100
PSC E403(B) POLITICAL ECONOMY AND			20	80	
	DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION IN ODISHA	N 4	Elective			100
PSC C-404	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY	4	Core	20	80	100
PSC C-405	DISSERTATION AND VIVA-VOCE	4	Core	20	80	100
PSC406 VA	C CULTURAL HERITAGE OF SOUTH		Non-			Grade
	ODISHA (ଦକ୍ଷ ିଶ ଓଡ଼ଶ ାର ସଂ ^ୟ ୃତକବଭବ)		Credit			
				100	400	500
Grand Total				400	1600	2000

SEMESTER -I

PSC C 101: POLITICAL THEORY

Sub. Code:	Subject Name			External Marks=80		
			Marks			
PSC C 101	POLITICAL THEORY	04	20	80		
	6	1		oduction to the fundamental		
concepts in polit	ical theory. It begins with	an overview	of why we stud	dy political theory and what		
are the approach	es and forms of political th	eory. It then	proceeds to ela	aborate in a detailed manner		
on the key concepts of 'Liberty', 'Equality', 'Rights' 'Justice', 'Democracy'. It will also focuses on						
recent trends of Political Theory. Each concept is explained through the thoughts and writings of						
	•		0	ue with emphasis given on		
readings of origin		C	×	1 0		

Detailed Syllabus

Units	Topic	Hours
Unit-I	Understanding Political Theory: Meaning, Nature, Scope	13
	and Evolution, Function, Significance, Approaches to the	
	Study of Political Theory, A debate on the Decline and	
	Resurgence of Political Theory.	
Unit-II	Key Concepts	13
	Liberty: Freedom as Emancipation and Development,	
	Freedom of belief, expression and dissent;	
	Equality: Contestations on Equality, Equality of Treatment vs.	
	Treatment as equals, Equality of Resources and Outcomes;	
	Rights: Theories of Rights, Group based vs. Individual Rights	
	Human Rights;	
	Justice: Justice as Fairness- John Rawls, Justice as	
	Entitlement- Robert Nozick, Amartya Sen, Justice as Embedded- Michael Sandel, Iris Young	
Unit-III	Democracy : Representative, Participatory, Deliberative d)	13
	Procedural, Substantive	
Unit-IV	Recent Trends: Modernism and Post-Modernism	13
	Deconstruction, Post Structuralism, Critical Theory	
	Total	52

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Bhargava, Rajeev, and Acharya, Ashok *Political Theory: An Introduction*, New Delhi: Pearson Longman, 2008
- 2. Farrelly, Colin, Contemporary Political Theory, A Reader, Sage Publications, 2003
- 3. Vinod, M.J. and Deshphande Meena, *Contemporary Political Theory*, PHI Learning Private Limited, Delhi, 2013
- 4. Adams Ian, Political Ideologies Today, Manchester, Manchester University Press, 1993
- 5. Bajpai, U.S. (ed), Nonalignment: Perspective and Prospects, New Delhi; 1983
- 6. Goodin, Robert E. and Philip Pettit edited *Contemporary Political Philosophy*, Oxford, Blackwell Publishers, 1997.
- 7. Graham, Gordon, *Politics in its Place- A Study of Six Ideologies*, Oxford, Clarendon Press, 1986
- 8. Hampton, Jean, Political Philosophy: An Introduction, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1998.
- 9. Harrison, Ross, Democracy, London, Routledge, 1993.
- 10. Heywood, Andrew, Political Ideologies, London, Macmillan, 1992

- 11. Berlin, Isaiah, Four Essays on Concepts of Liberty, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1969.
- 12. Miller, David and Larry Siedentop (edited) *The Nature of Political Theory*, Oxford, Clarendon Press, 1983.
- 13. Rawls, John, A Theory of Justice, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1971.
- 14. Rawls, John, Political Liberalism, New York, Columbia University Press, 1993.
- 15. Sandel, Michael, *Liberalism and The Limits of Justice*, Cambridge Mass, Cambridge University Press, 1982.
- 16. Okin, Susan Moller, Justice, Gender and the Family, New York, Basic Books, 1989.

PSC C 102: INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS

Sub. Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
PSC C 102	INDIAN GOVERNMENT	04	20	80
	AND POLITICS			

Objectives: This course acquaints students with the constitutional design of state structures and institutions, and their actual working overtime. The Indian Constitution accommodates conflicting impulses of liberty and justice, territorial decentralization and a strong union, for instance within itself. The course traces the embodiment of some of these conflicts in constitutional provisions, and shows how these have played out in political practice. It further encourages a study of state institutions in their mutual interaction, and in interaction with the larger extra-constitutional environment.

Detailed Syllabus:

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Making of the Indian Constitution: Constituent Assembly,	13
	Background, Composition, Nature and its working.	
Unit-II	Ideological basis of the Indian Constitution: Preamble,	13
	Fundamental Rights & Duties and Directive Principles.	
Unit-III	Structure and Process of Union Government:	13
	Executive: President and Prime Minister, Council of Ministers	
	Legislature: Parliament of India,	
	Judiciary: Supreme Court	
Unit-IV	Federalism: Features, Centre- State Relations: Administrative,	13
	Financial and Legislative Relations.	
	Recent Trends in Centre- State Relations	
	Total	52

Suggested Reading:

- 1. Austin, Granville, *The Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a Nation*, New Delhi, OUP, 1972
- 2. Austin, Granville, *Working a Democratic Constitution: The Indian Experience*, New-Delhi, OUP, 1999
- 3. Basu, D.D., 1999, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Calcutta, Prentice Hall (latest edition)
- 4. Hasan, Zoya, Shridharan, E. and Sudarshan, R., (edited.), *India's Living Constitution*, New Delhi, Permanent Black, 2002
- 5. Kapur, Devesh and Mehta, Pratap Bhanu (eds.), Public Institutions in India, New Delhi, OUP, 2005,
- 6. Saez Lawrence, Federalism without a Center, New Delhi, Sage, 2004

- 7. Sathe S.P., Judicial Activism, New Delhi, OUP, 2002
- 8. Sharma Brij Kishor, *Introduction to the Constitution of India*, New Delhi, Prentice Hall, 2002,
- 9. Choudhary Sujit and Khosla Madhav, *The Oxford Handbook of the Indian Constitution*, New Delhi, OUP, 2016

PSC C-103: THEORIES OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

Sub. Code	Subject Name	Credit	Int. Mark	Ext. Mark
	THEORIES OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS	.4	20	80
Objectives	 The basic objective of this course is to introduce stutheory and practice for studying international relations and its multidiscip be accommodated with contemporary trend of multidite the objectives: To provide a fairly all-inclusive overview of the events starting from the days of Peloponnesian To provide a comprehensive and in-depth orien character of contemporary character of international relations and indepth orien with the tools to understand and analyze the sare 	tions. The blinary natu disciplinary ne major po war. ntation to s ional relati ones in wor	e aim of the ure where the odiscourse. olitical deve students to u ons. rld history a	e course is to ne student will Following are elopments and inderstand the nd equip them
Pre- Requisites	Basic knowledge of world history and politics and ur of the international politics	nderstandir	ng of the cur	rent dynamics
Teaching Scheme	Regular classroom lectures with periodic formative of sets, case studies, report writing, mock exams and emphasis to develop coherence among students on bo the practical knowledge settings.	presentati	ons will be	done with an

Detailed Syllabus:

Units	Торіс	Hours
Unit-I	Theories and Approaches to the Study of International Relations: Evolution of	13
	the Discipline, The Great Debates, State of the Art; Concept of Idealism and	
	Realism: Variants and Complements; Neorealism, Neo-Liberal	
	Institutionalism	
Unit-II	Indian Tradition: Kautilya's Realpolitique; Chinese Tradition; European	13
	Schools of Thought; The English School	
Unit-III	Alternative Approaches in IR: Critical Theory, Constructivism, Post-	13
	Modernism, Feminism, Neo-Marxism; Ethics in IR	
Unit-IV	Conflict and Peace: Changing Nature of Warfare; Weapons of Mass	13
	Destruction; deterrence; conflict resolution, conflict transformation, The	
	Nuclear Age and its impact on International Relations, NPT, CTBT.	
	Total	52

Suggested Readings:

1. Aron Raymond, 'Peace and War: A Theory of International Relations,' (New Brunswick, New

Jersey, London, Transaction Publishers, 2003).

- 2. Bandhopadhyay, J., General Theory of International Relations, Allied Publishers, New Delhi.
- 3. Baral J.K., International Politics: Dynamics and Dimensions, South Asian Publishers, New Delhi, 1987.
- 4. Basu, Rumki, International Politics: Concepts, Theories and Issues, Sage Text, New Delhi, 2014
- 5. Bull Hedley, The Anarchical Society: A Study of Order in World Politics (New York, 1977).
- 6. Burchill S and A. Linklator, Theories of International Relations, Martin Press, New York, 1966.
- 7. Chris Brown, Understanding International Relations, (MacMillan: London, 1997)
- 8. Doughery, J.E. and R.L. Falzgraff Jr., Contending Theories of International Relations, J.B. Lippincott Co. 1971, New York.
- 9. Gilpin, Robert, The political Economy of International Relations Princeton, (1887)
- 10. Holsti, K.J., International Politics: Framework for analysis (New Delhi, 1989)
- 11. Jackson, R. and George Sorensen, Introduction to International Relations: Theories and Approaches, OUP, 2003.
- 12. Kumar, Mahendra, Theoretical Aspects of International Politics, Shivlal Aggarwal & Co. Agra, 1967.
- 13. Morgenthau, Hans J, Politics among Nations: The Struggle for Power and Peace, New York, 1985.
- 14. Scott Burchill, Andre Linklater and Terry Nardin, eds., Theories of International Relations, 4th Edition, (Palgrave Macmillan Publishers, 2009).
- 15. Strange Susan, States and Markets: An Introduction to International Political Economy, (London: Pinter Publishers, 1994)
- 16. Waltz Kenneth N., Theory of International Politics. (New York: Addison-Wesley, 1979).

Course Outcome	By the end of this course Students are able to:
	i. Conceptualize various perspectives to international relations.
	ii. Appreciate various philosophies relating to international relations and
	conceptualize various foundational theories in International
	Relations.
	iii. Analyze dynamics of contemporary and alternative theories relating
	to International Relations.

PSC C -104: PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks	
PSC C -104	PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION	4	20	80	
Objectives	The essence of Public Administ governing philosophy into progra of community living. The paper context thereby proceeding to developed administrative salien change. Organised into four unit emergence of New Public Add paradigm of democratic legitimation	ammes, per covers highlight ce and c its, the re ministrati	olicies and activit public administ several of its c apabilities to de cent developmen	ties and making it a part ration in its historical categories, which have al with the process of nts and particularly the	
Pre-Requisites	Basic knowledge on Public Administration, administrative salience and capabilities to deal with the process of change.				
Teaching Scheme	Regular classroom lectures along PPT presentation, group discussi as well as practical understandin	on, term p	paper etc. to have		

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Public Administration: Meaning, Nature and Scope, Evolution and Significance; Public and Private Administration	13
Unit-II	Principles of Public Administration: Hierarchy, Span of Control, Unity of Command, Delegation, Co-ordination, Delegated Legislation Administrative Adjudication	
Unit-III	Role of Public Administration in Developing and Developed Countries Development Administration	,13
Unit-IV	New Public Administration; New Public Management; Public Choice Theory, New Public Service Approach	213
	Total	52

Selected Readings:

- 1. Avasthi and Maheswari, "Public Administration", Agra, Laxmi Narayan Agarwal, 1988.
- 2. Mohit Bhattacharya "Public Administration", World Press (Second Edition, 1991)
- 3. Rumki Basu, "Public Administration: Concepts and Theories" New Delhi, Sterling Publishers, 2011.OUP.2006.
- 4. Stone, Deborah. 2001. Policy Paradox: The Art of Political Decision Making. W.W Norton and Company.
- 5. R.K. Sapru. 1980. Administrative Theories and Management Thought. New Delhi: PHI
- 6. Bidyut Chakrabarty & Mohit Bhattacahrya (Eds), 2003, Public Administration: A Reader, Oxford University Press, New Delhi
- 7. Alaka Dhameja (Ed), "Contemporary Debates in Public Administration", New Delhi, 2003.
- 8. Ramesh K. Arora(Eds.), 2004, Public Administration: Fresh Perspectives, Aalek Publishers, Jaipur
- 9. Bidyut Chakravorty, "Public Administration in a Globalized World", New Delhi, Sage

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on
Outcome	The essence of Public Administration
	The Historical context of Public Administration
	• The recent developments particularly the emergence of New Public
	Administration, New Public Management, and New Public Service Approach to
	Public Administration.

PSC C- 105: WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT-I

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
PSC C- 105	WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT-I	4	20	80
Objectives	This paper studies the classical tradition in political theory from Plato to Marx with the view to understand how the great Masters explained and analyzed political events and problems of their time and prescribed solutions.			
Pre-Requisites Basic knowledge on classical traditions of political theory				

Teaching	Regular classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of oral & PPT
Scheme	presentation, group discussion, term paper etc. to have both conceptual clarity as well
	as practical understanding on the subject.

Units	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Plato, Aristotle	13
Unit-II	Machiavelli, Hobbes, Locke, Rousseau	13
Unit-III	Hegel, Marx	13
Unit-IV	Bentham , J.S Mill	13
	Tota	ıl 52

Selected Readings:

- 1. Aristotle, The Politics, Translated Ernest Braker, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1998.
- 2. Hobbes, Thomas, The Leviathan, Amherst New York, Prometheus Books, 1988.
- 3. Hegel, Georg Wilhelm Fredrik, The Philosophy of Right, Translated by T.M. Knox Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1942.
- 4. Machiavelli, Niccolò, The Prince and The Discourses, translated L. Ricci, New York, Modern Library, 1950.
- 5. Kant, Political Writing, Translated by H.B Nisbet, edited by Hans Reiss, Cambridge,
- 6. Cambridge University Press, 1991.
- Marx Karl 'Economic and Philosophical Manuscripts' 1844. Translated by Lloyd G Easton and Kurt H Guddat in Marx Selections edited by Allen W Wood. New York, Macmillan, 1988. pp 40-79.
- 8. Marx Karl, Das Capital, volume 1, Moscow Progress, 1977.
- 9. Avineri Shlomo, Hegel's Theory of the Modern State, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1972.
- 10. Beiner, Ronald and William James Booth, Kant and Political Philosophy New Haven, Yale, University Press, 1993.
- 11. Cohen, G.A, Karl Marx's Theory of History, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1978.
- 12. 'Machiavelli' by Quentin Skinner, 'Hobbes' by Richard Tuck, 'Mill' by William Thomas, 'Marx' by Peter Singer in Great Political Thinkers. Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1992.
- 13. Macpherson, C.B., The Political Theory of Possessive Individualism, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1962.

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on
Outcome	Historical and philosophical perspectives to understand the universality of the
	enterprise of political theorizing.
	The legacy of the thinkers with the view to establish the continuity and change within
	the Western political tradition.

Semester-II

PSC C 201: POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY

Subject value Stole Stole State LAt. Mark	Sub. Code Subject Name Credit Int. Mark Ext. Ma
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PSC C 201	POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY	4	20	80
Objectives	 The basic objective of this course is: To explore the main sociological explan To understand how does political motorganizations (parties) and elites share society and power? To understand processes of political englisher behavioral in general. 	ilization t pe the ir	ake place and attended to the second second	how political veen citizens,
Pre-Requisites	Basic knowledge of Sociology and Political	Science		
Teaching Scheme	Regular classroom lectures (virtual and a demonstrative exercises like term paper writing, mock examinations and presentation	writing, N	MCQs, case s	

Units	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Political Sociology: Origin and Development, Definitions and Scope; Theoretical Approaches to the study of Political Sociology	13
Unit -II	Political Culture Political Socialization Political Participation Political Communication	13
Unit -III	Power, Authority, Legitimacy Elite Theory, Circulation of Elites	13
Unit -IV	Social Stratification and its Bases Political Development Political Modernization	13
Total	•	52

Reading List:

- 1. Keith Faulks, Political Sociology: A Critical Introduction, Edinburgh University Press, 1999.
- 2. Kate Nash and Alan Scott (eds.), The Blackwell Companion to Political Sociology, Wiley-Blackwell, 2004.
- 3. Amal Kumar Mukhopadhyay, K P Bagchi& Co Political Sociology An introductory analysis, 2015.
- 4. Dipankar Gupta, Political Sociology in India: Contemporary Trends, Orient Black Swan, 1996.
- 5. Gabriel A Almond and Sydney Verba, The Civic Culture: Political Attitudes and Democracy in Five Nations, , Little, Brown and Company, 1965.
- 6. Douglas Baer, Political Sociology, Oxford University Press, 2002.
- 7. Benedikte Brincker, Hans Reitzel, Introduction to Political Sociology, 2013.
- 8. Betty Dobratz et al, Power, Politics, and Society: An Introduction to Political Sociology,, Pearson Education, 2011.
- 9. Keith Faulks, Political Sociology: A Critical Introduction, Edinburgh University Press, 1999.
- 10. Kate Nash, Contemporary Political Sociology, Wiley-Blackwell, 2010.
- 11. Anthony Orumand John Dale, Political Sociology: Power and Participation in the Modern World, Oxford University Press, 2008.

Course Outcome	On completion of this course, students are expected to have acquired a familiarity
	with major features of contemporary societies that are relevant to politics.
	Acquire an understanding of recent social and political science explanations of
	political processes and events.
	Acquire, more generally, a grasp of the competing approaches in the field
	Comprehend different opportunities to influence political decisions by average
	citizens.

PSC C -202: COMPARATIVE POLITICAL ANALYSIS

Sub. Code	Subject Name	Credit	Int. Mark	Ext. Mark
PSC –C 202	COMPARATIVE POLITICAL ANALYSIS	4	20	80
Objectives	To familiarize students with the basic concepts and approaches to the study of comparative politics. To critically examine politics in historical and contemporary perspectives while engaging with various themes of comparative analysis in developed and developing countries. To understand governmental systems of US, UK, China and Japan in comparative perspective.			
-	Basic knowledge of world history, and Government and politics of both developed and developing countries			
	e Regular classroom lectures with periodic formative coursework like term paper, problem sets, case studies, report writing, mock exams and presentations will be done with an emphasis to develop coherence among students on both the conceptual understanding and the practical knowledge settings.			

Detailed Syllabus:

Units	Topics	Hours
Unit -I	Comparative Politics: Nature and Scope	13
	Comparative Methods: An overview; Nature of Traditional and Modern	
	Politics;	
Unit -II	Delitical Systems and Structural Eventional Annual Annual Annual Annual	12
Unit -II	Political Systems and Structural Functional Approach; Institutional Approach	15
	and New Institutionalism: Development and Models	
Unit -III	Actors and Processes:	
	Political Parties and Party System: Duverger, Giovanni Sartori, and Jean	13
	Blondel's Model.	
	Electoral Systems: Types (First Past the Post, Proportional Representation,	
	Mixed Representation), Emerging Debates	
Unit- IV	Comparative Governments of U.K, USA and China: Constitutionalism,	13
	Executive and Legislature	
Total	1	52

Essential Readings:

- 1. Allbrow, Martin, The Global Age: State and Society: Beyond Modernity, Cambridge.
- 2. Alavi, H. and T. Shanin, Sociology of Developing Societies, London, Macmillan, 1982.
- 3. Alford, Robert A. and Roger Friedland, Powers of Theory, Cambridge, Cambridge University

Press, 1985.

- 4. Bottomore, T.B, Elites and Society, Harmondsworth, Penguin, 1985.
- 5. Cantori, L.J and A. H. Ziegler edited, Comparative Politics in the Post-Behaviouralist Era, London, Lynne Rienner, 1988.
- 6. Chilcote, Ronald, Theories of Comparative Politics: The Search for a Paradigm Reconsidered, Boulder, Westview Press, 1994.
- 7. Hardtm, Michael and Antonio Negri, Empire, Cambridge, Harvard University Press, 2000.
- 8. Manor, James edited, Rethinking Third World Politics, London, Longman, 1991.
- 9. Moore, B. The Social Origins of Dictatorship and Democracy, Harmondsworth, Pelican, 1966.
- 10. Sartori, G., Parties and Party Systems: A Framework for Analysis., Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1976.
- 11. Stephan, Alfred, Arguing Comparative Politics, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 2001.
- 12. Tornquist, Olle, Politics and Development, Delhi. Sage, 1999.
- 13. Wayne, Ellwood, The No-Nonsense guide to Globalisation, London, Verso, 2001.
- 14. Wright, Mills C. The Power Elite, New York, John Wiley, 1959.
- 15. Rahnema, Majid edited. The Post-Development Reader, Dhaka: The University Press, 1997.

Course	By the end of this course Students will able to know:
Outcome	 the diversity of key aspects of political systems around the world and how they affect important outcomes differences across countries such as social movements, political culture, political parties, party systems, regimes, states and policy-making processes
	• The meaning of fundamental concepts in comparative political analysis, including: the state, nations and society, regimes, markets, development, multi-level governance.
	• The meaning of fundamental institutions of democratic regimes: Constitutionalism, legislatures and the executive and Political systems, elections, interest groups.

PSC C-203: CONTEMPORARY ISSUES IN INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

Sub. Code	Subject Name	Credit	Int. Mark	Ext. Mark
PSC C- 203	CONTEMPORARY ISSUES IN	4	20	80
	INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS			
Objectives	The basic objective of this course is:			
	 To provide the students a fairly comprehensive overview of the major political developments and events starting from the twentieth century. To provide a comprehensive and in-depth orientation to students to understand the character of contemporary character of international relations. To enable students to learn about the key milestones in world history and equip them with the tools to understand and analyze the same from different perspectives. The aim of the course is to understand International relations and its multidisciplinary nature where the student will be accommodated with contemporary trend of multidisciplinary discourse. 			
Pre-	Basic knowledge of world history and politics.			
Requisites				
Teaching	Regular classroom lectures (virtual and actual) with periodic evaluative and			
Scheme	demonstrative exercises like term paper writing, MCQs, case studies, report writing, mock examinations and presentations will be done.			

Units Topics Hou	 J		
		Topics	Hours

Unit-I	New World Order: End of bipolarity and changing trends in Super Power Relations; North-South Debate, Global Commons	13
Unit-II	Changing Role of the United Nations: New Challenges of Peace- keeping, UN and Humanitarian Interventions, International Peace and Role of Non-State actors, Politics of Nuclearization, Structural Reforms of the UN	13
Unit-III	New Cold War, Peace and Conflicts in West Asia, Central Asia, and South Asia, Politics of the Indian Ocean, Geo-Politics of South China Sea	13
Unit-IV	Contemporary Global Issues: International Terrorism, Ecological and Developmental Issues, Sustainable Development Goals, Human Rights, and Energy Security	13
	Total	48

Reading List:

- 1. John T. Rourke, International Politics on the global stage, McGraw Hill, 2007.
- 2. Paul A. Tharp(ed.), Regional International Organizations: Structures and functions, 1971.
- 3. Chris Brown, Understanding International Relations, (MacMillan: London, 1997)
- 4. Baral, J.K., International Politics: Dynamics and Dimensions (New Delhi, 1987)
- 5. Bull, Hadley, The Anarchical Society: A Study of Order in World Politics (New York, 1977)
- 6. Thomas J. Volgy et al. (eds.), Major Powers and the Quest for Status in International Politics Global and Regional Perspectives, Palgrave Macmillan, 2011.
- 7. Geoff Berridg, Return to the UN: UN diplomacy in Regional Conflicts, Wheatsheaf, 1991.
- 8. Markusthiel, The limits of transnationalism collective identities and Eu integration, Palgrave Macmillan, 2011.
- 9. Juliet Kaarbo, James Lee Ray Wadsworth, Global Politics, Cengage Learning, 2011.
- 10. Louise L' Estrange, Andrew Hurrell, Regionalism in world politics: Regional Organization and international order, Oxford University Press, 1995.
- 11. Andrew Heywood, Global Politics, Palgrave Macmillan, 2011.

Course Outcome	By the end of this course Students are able to:
	1. Know about the various theatres of international conflicts and the role
	of major powers in them.
	2. Appreciate various aspects of global politics following the end of the
	Cold war and acquaint themselves with global issues of recent times.
	3. Develop an understanding about the changing role of the UN and the
	reason behind the strengthening of regional international organizations.

PSC C- 204: ADMINISTRATIVE THEORY

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
PSC C -204:	ADMINISTRATIVE THEORY	4	20	80

	The course will seek to comprehend the broad intellectual traditions in administration that has decisively shaped the contours of Administrative system as we understand it today. The different ideological standpoints with regard to various concepts and theories are critically explained with the purpose of highlighting the differences in their perspectives and in order to understand their continuity and change. Furthermore there is a need to emphasize the continuing relevance of these concepts today. Organized into four units this paper aims to highlight different theoretical perspectives on public administration. Further its relevance will be explained through historical evolution of the subject.		
1	Basic knowledge on broad intellectual traditions in administration that has decisively shaped the contours of Administrative system		
Teaching	Regular classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of oral &		
Scheme	PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc. to have both conceptual clarity		

Units	Topics	Hours
Unit I:	Development and Growth of Administrative Theories Classical Theory, Scientific Management Theory	;13
Unit-II:	Max Weber's Theory of Bureaucracy Herbert Simon and Decision-Making Theory	13
Unit-III:	Ecological Theory by Fred. W. Riggs Human Relations Approach by Elton Mayo	13
Unit-IV:	Managing Conflict in the Organization: Mary Parker Follett Management by Objectives- Peter Drucker	13
	Total	52

Selected Readings:

- 1. Goel, S.L. (2003). Advanced Public Administration, Deep & Deep Publications, New Delhi.
- 2. Maheshwari S.R., (1991). Issues and Concepts In Public Administration, New Delhi, Allied Publishers.
- 3. Naidu S.P., (1996). Public Administration: Concepts and Theories, Hyderabad, New Agem International Publishers
- 4. Sharma M.P. and Saldana B. L., (2001), Public Administration in Theory and Practice, Allahabad, Kitab Mahal
- 5. Buck Susan J. and Morgan Betty N.,(2005). Public Administration in Theory and Practice, Raymond W. Cox III, Pearson Education, New Delhi.
- 6. D. Ravindra Prasad, V. Sivalinga Prasad, (2010). Administrative Thinkers, Sterling Publishers,
- 7. Mohit Bhattacharya, (2008). New Horizons of Public Administration, Jawahar Publishers & Distributors, New Delhi.
- 8. Herbert A. Simon, (1997). Administrative Behavior, 4th Edition, Free Press, New York.
- 9. Thomas R Dye, (2008). Understanding Public Policy: International Edition, Pearson/Prentice Hall.
- 10. Governance: A Reader. (2008) Bidyut Chakrabarty, Mohit Bhattacharya, Oxford University Press, USA.

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on:		
Outcome	Broad intellectual traditions in administration that has decisively shaped the contours		
	of Administrative system as we understand it today.		
	Continuity and change in the different ideological standpoints and the need to the		
	continuing relevance of these concepts today.		

PSC C-205: WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT-II

Subject Code	deSubject Name Credit Internal Marks External Marks					
PSC C-205	WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT-II 4 20 80					
Objectives	This paper focuses on thinkers and themes of western political philosophy. An attempt has been made to understand thinkers and texts both from philosophical and historical perspective. The main objective is to train students in the foundational texts and thinkers of western political philosophy.					
Pre- Requisites	Basic knowledge on contemporary relevance of political thought.					
Teaching Scheme	Regular classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of oral & PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc. to have both conceptual clarity as well as practical understanding on the subject.					

Detailed Syllabus

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	• Gramsci	13
	Mao Zedong	
Unit-II	Mary Wollstonecraft	13
	Hannah Arendt	
Unit-III	• Rawls	13
	Nozick	
Unit-IV	Frantz Fanon	13
	Rosa Luxemburg	
	Total	52

Selected Readings:

- 1. Aristotle, The Politics, Translated Ernest Braker, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1998 edn.
- 2. Hobbes, Thomas, The Leviathan, Amherst New York, Prometheus Books, 1988.
- 3. Hegel, Georg Wilhelm Fredrik, The Philosophy of Right, Translated by T.M. Knox Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1942.
- 4. Machiavelli, Niccolò, The Prince and The Discourses, translated L. Ricci, New York, Modern Library, 1950.
- 5. Kant, Political Writing, Translated by H.B Nisbet, edited by Hans Reiss, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1991.
- Marx Karl 'Economic and Philosophical Manuscripts' 1844. Translated by Lloyd G Easton and Kurt H Guddat in Marx Selections edited by Allen W Wood. New York, Macmillan, 1988 pp40-79.

- 7. Marx Karl, Capital volume 1, Moscow Progress, 1977.
- 8. Avineri Shlomo, Hegel's Theory of the Modern State, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1972.
- 9. Beiner, Ronald and William James Booth, Kant and Political Philosophy New Haven, Yale, University Press, 1993.
- 10. Cohen, G.A, Karl Marx's Theory of History, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1978.
- 11. 'Machiavelli' by Quentin Skinner, 'Hobbes' by Richard Tuck, 'Mill' by William Thomas, 'Marx' by Peter Singer in Great Political Thinkers. Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1992.
- 12. Macpherson, C.B., The Political Theory of Possessive Individualism, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1962.

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on Nature and
Outcome	significance of western political thought
	Continuing significance of the study of the classics and indicates its shortcomings by
	underlining the need to incorporate new perspectives that have arisen in recent past.

***PSC VAC-206: HUMAN RIGHTS IN INDIA: CONCEPT AND PRACTICE** (Non-Credit)

Subject Code	CodeSubject Name Credit Internal Marks External Marks				
PSC-206	HUMAN RIGHTS IN INDIA: CONCEPT AND PRACTICE	Non Credit			
Objectives	The course provides an introduction to basic human rights philosophy, principles, instruments and institutions, and also an overview of current issues and debates in the field. The course is geared towards equipping the students with conceptual and theoretical understanding of the subject in a very broad sense. It seeks to do so in a synergistic way by coalescing values, concepts, contending debates, theories, and paradigms germane to the course. The course seeks to sharpen the epistemological skills of students in relation to the various theoretical aspects of human rights.				
Pre- Requisites	Basic Knowledge on human rights philosophy, principles, instruments and institutions, and also an overview of current issues and debates in the field				
Teaching Scheme	Regular Classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of oral & PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc. to have both conceptual clarity as well as practical understanding on the subject.				

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	 Understanding Human Rights Historical Evolution Origin and Development of Human Rights in India 	13
Unit-II	 Human Rights and Indian Constitution Fundamental Rights Directive Principles of State Policies Human Rights of the Marginalized 	13

Unit-III	 Violation of Human Rights and Institutional Mechanisms 1 for Protection of Human Rights National Human Rights Commission State Human Rights Commission Judiciary 	3
Unit-IV	Non-State Actors and Human Rights 1 • Civil Society 1 • Human Right Activists 1	3
	Total 5	2

Selected Readings:

- Alferdsson, Gudmundur and Eide, Asbjorn, ed., The Universal Declaration of Human Rights: A Common Standard of Achievement, The Hague, Martinus Nijhoff publishers, 1999.
- Bhargava, Rajeev and Acharya, Ashok, eds. Political Theory: An Introduction, Delhi: Pearson, 2014.
- Dixon, Martin, Textbook on International Law, London: Blackstone Press, 2000. Donnelly, Jack, Universal Human Rights in Theory and Practice, Jaipur: Rawat, 2014.
- Freeman, Michael, Human Rights, New Delhi: Atlantic for Polity Press, 2003.
- Krishnamurthy, B., Ganapathy-Dore, Geetha, European Convention on Human Rights: Sixty Years and Beyond, New Delhi: New Century Publications, 2012.
- Monshipouri, Mahmood, Englehart, Neil, et.al., eds., Constructing Human Rights In The Age of Globalization, New Delhi: Prentice-Hall, 2004.
- Motilal, Shashi, ed., Applied Ethics and Human Rights: Conceptual Analysis and Contextual Applications, Delhi, Anthem Press, 2011.
- Paul Gordon Lauren, The Evolution of International Human Rights: Visions Seen, Philadelphia: University of Pennsylvania Press, 2003.
- Rahman, Anisur, ed., Human Rights and Social Security: Perspectives, Issues and Challenges, New Delhi: Manak Publications, 2011.
- Runzo, Joseph, Martin, Nancy M and Sharma, Arvind, Human Rights and Responsibilities in the World Religions, Oxford: One World Publications, 2003.
- Sinha, Manoj Kumar, Enforcement of Economic, Social and Cultural Rights: International and National Perspectives, New Delhi: Manak Publications, 2006.

Course Outcome	The programme enables students to take an analytic and critical stance and deal with questions of how human rights affect social and political processes. At the end of the programme you will be able to
	 search for, identify and assess primary sources as well scholarly literature about human rights
	• identify, contextualize and use information about the human rights situation in a given country,
	• critically appraise source material, including cases from human rights committees and tribunals and reports and summary records from treaty bodies
	• analyse a country's situation or an international situation in terms of human rights and formulate human rights-based initiatives and policies
	• promote human rights through legal as well as non-legal means

• participate in legal, political and other debates involving human rights in a knowledgeable and constructive way

Semester-III

PSC E-301 (A): INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
PSC E-301 (A)	INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT	4	20	80
Objectives	The focal theme of the paper is to focus on Indian philosophical systems of thought on social and political ideas and to what extent is Indian Political thought a rejection, derivative-imitation or innovative-transformation of Western Political Thought. It is an attempt to discuss systematically the political ideas of various political and social leaders and thinkers of India. Organized into four units, the paper emphasizes the distinctive contribution of Indian thinkers to political theorizing and the relative autonomy of Indian political thought.			
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge on Indian philosophical systems of thought			
Teaching Scheme	Regular Classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of oral & PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc. to have both conceptual clarity as well as practical understanding on the subject.			

Detailed Syllabus:

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Manu	13
	Kautilya	
Unit-II	Raja Ram Mohan Roy	13
	Vivekananda	
	B.R. Ambedkar	13
Unit-III	M.K. Gandhi	
	Jawaharlal Nehru	
Unit-IV	Ram Manohar Lohiya	13
	Jayprakash Narayan	
	Total	52

Selected Readings:

- 1. Ambedkar, B.R., Annihilation of Caste, edited by Mulk Raj Anand, Delhi, Arnold Publisher,
- 2. Appadorai, A., Indian Political Thinking in the 20th Century (New Delhi, 1987).
- 3. Chatterjee, P., Nationalist Thought and the Colonial World: Derivative Discourse?, London,
- 4. Dalton, D.G., Indian Idea of Freedom. Gurgaon, Academy Press, 1984.
- 5. Das, H.H. and Patra, P.S.N., Indian Political Thought (Sterling).

- 6. Jha, D.N., Ancient India: An Introductory Outline. Deihi, People's Publishing House, 1993.
- 7. Karunakaran, K.P., Indian Politics from Dadabhai Nauroji to Gandhi, Delhi, Asia 1967.
- 8. Masih, Y., Introduction to Religious Philosophy, Delhi, Motilal Banarsidas. 1971.
- 9. Mehta, V.R., Foundations of Indian Political Thought, Delhi, Manohar Publisher, 1992.
- 10. Mehta, V.R., Ideology, Modernization and Politics in India. Lahore, Book Traders, 1990.
- 11. Mishra, J.K. Indian Political Tradition: Ancient and Modern, 1993.
- 12. Mohanty, Dushmanta, Indian Political Tradition (New Delhi, 1997).
- 13. Narvane, V.S. Modern Indian Thought, New Delhi, Orient Longman, 1978.
- 14. Padhi, K.S., Indian Political Tradition (Berhampur, 1997).
- 15. Pantham, T. and Deutsch, K.L. edited, Modern Indian Political Thought, Delhi, Sage, 1986.

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on
Outcome	Indian philosophical systems of thought on social and political ideas.
	The political ideas of various political and social leaders and thinkers of India.

PSC E -301 (B): POLITICAL PROCESSES IN INDIA (Core Elective-Optional)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
		4	20	80
	INDIA			
Objectives	Teaching politics in a country has to	be grou	nded in understand	ling and analysis
	of politics of the country concerned.	Thus,	organized in four	units, this paper
	focuses in detail on the political pr	ocesses	and the actual fu	nctioning of the
	political system.			-
	It then examines the functioning of various social movements, the nature of			
	Indian party system, civil society groups and the statutory and constitutional			
	bodies of governance. The major contradictions of the Indian political process			
	are critically analyzed along with an assessment of its relative success and			
	failures.			
Pre-Requisites	Basic knowledge of the political processes and the actual functioning of the			
_	political system.			
Teaching	Regular classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of oral			
Scheme	& PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc. to have both conceptual			
	clarity as well as practical understanding on the subject.			

Units	Topics	Hours	
Unit I: Nature of Indian State	State, Economy and Development: Nature of Indian State, New Economic Policy Process of Globalization: Social and Economic implications		
Unit-II: Social Movements and Civil Society Groups	Social Movements: Dalit, Tribal, Women, Farmers, Environment. Civil Society Groups: Non-Party Social Formations, Non- Governmental Organizations, Social Action Groups.	,13	
Unit-III: Electoral Politics in India	Social and Ideological bases: National and Regional Parties Coalition Politics at the national and state level Electoral Process and Election Commission of India.	13	

Unit IV Constitutional	Constitutional and Statutory Bodies: Comptroller and	13
and Statutory Bodies	Auditor\General, Finance Commission, National	
	Commission for Scheduled Castes, National Commission for	
	Scheduled Tribes, National Commission for Human Rights,	
	National Commission for Women, National Commission for	
	Minorities.	
	Total	52

Selected Readings:

- 1. Chatterjee, Partha. 2010. "The state," in Niraja Gopal Jayal and Pratap Bhanu Mehta (eds). The Oxford companion to politics in India. New Delhi: OUP.
- 2. Das, Samir Kumar. 2013. "Introduction: Surveying the literature on state in post-Independence India," in Samir Kumar Das (ed.). ICSSR research surveys and explorations: Political Science, Vol.1. New Delhi: ICSSR/Oxford University Press.
- 3. Menon, Nivedita and Aditya Nigam. 2007. Power and contestation: India since 1989. New Delhi: Zed.
- 4. Basu, Amrita. 2010. "Gender and Politics," in Jayal and Mehta (eds). The Oxford companion to politics in India.
- 5. Guru, Gopal "Social justice," in Jayal and Mehta (eds). The Oxford companion to politics in India.
- 6. Jhodka, Surinder. 2010. "Caste and politics," in Jayal and Mehta (eds). The Oxford companion to politics in India.
- 7. Pai, Sudha. 2013. Dalit assertion. New Delhi: OUP short introduction series.
- 8. Xaxa, Virginius. 2005. "Politics of language, religion and identity: Tribes in India," Economic and Political Weekly, 40(13).
- 9. Kaviraj, Sudipta. 2001. "In search of civil society," in Sudipta Kaviraj and Sunil Khilnani. Civil society: History and possibilities. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- 10. Kothari, Smitu. 1993. "Social Movements and the redefinition of democracy" in Philip Oldenburg (ed.). India briefing. Boulder: Westview Press.
- 11. Mohanty, Manoranjan and Partha Nath Mukherji (eds.). 1998. People's rights: Social movements and the state in the Third World. New Delhi: Sage.
- 12. Nayar, Deepak. 2006. "India's unfinished journeys: Transforminggrowth into development," Modern Asian Studies 40(3), pp.797-832.
- 13. Sachs, Jeffrey, Ashutosh Varshney and Nirupam Bajpai (eds). 2000. India in the era of economic reforms. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 14. Suri, K.C. 2006. "Political economy of agrarian distress." Economic and Political Weekly
- 15. 41(16), 1523-29.
- 16. Kohli, Atul. 2001. "Introduction," in Atul Kohli (ed.). The success of India's democracy. New Delhi: Cambridge/Foundation.

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on
Outcome	The political processes and the actual functioning of the political system.
	The major contradictions of the Indian political process along with an assessment of
	its relative success and failures

PSC E-302 (A): INDIA'S FOREIGN POLICY (Elective)

Sub. Code	Subject Name	Credit	Int. Mark	Ext. Mark
SPS-303(A)	INDIA'S FOREIGN POLICY	4	20	80

	The basic objective of this course is: To introduce students to the mechanics of foreign policy making and to the issues that influence the policy in order for them to develop a perspective on the emerging trends in Indian foreign policy
1	Basic knowledge of the necessities of foreign relations, World War-II, Cold War, the UN
Scheme	Regular classroom lectures (virtual and actual) with periodic evaluative and demonstrative exercises like term paper writing, MCQs, case studies, report writing, mock examinations and presentations will be done.

Units	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Determinants of India's Foreign Policy; Evolution of Indian Foreign Policy: Pre-Independence to Post-Independence	13
Unit-II	Making of India's Foreign Policy: Institutions, Structure, and Processes Continuity and change in foreign policy: Non-Alignment Movement, Terrorism, Energy Security, Nuclear Policy, and Indian Diaspora	13
Unit-III	India and Major Powers: United States, PRC, and Russia	13
Unit-IV	India and Neighbours: Pakistan, Bangladesh, Nepal, Bhutan, and Sri Lanka India's global aspirations and its constraints	13
	Total	52

Reading List:

- 1. Kanti Bajpai, Saira Basit, Krishnappa, V. eds., India's Grand Strategy: History, theory, cases, Routledge India, 2014.
- 2. J. Bandyopadhyaya, The Making of India's Foreign Policy: Determinants, Institutions, Processes, And Personalities, Allied Publishers, 1970.
- 3. J. N. Dixit, Indian Foreign Policy and its Neighbours, Gyan Publishing, 2001.
- 4. Sumit Ganguly, India's Foreign Policy-Retrospect and Prospect, Oxford, 2010.
- 5. Sumit Ganguli, Indian foreign Policy (short introduction), Oxford, 2019.
- 6. Anjali Ghosh, Tridib Chakrobroti, Anindyo Jyoti Majumdar and Shibashis Chatterjee, eds., India's Foreign Policy, Pearson, 2009.
- 7. C. Raja Mohan, Crossing the Rubicon: The Shaping of India's New Foreign Policy, Penguin Books, 2005.
- 8. Jawaharlal Nehru, India's Foreign Policy: Selected Speeches, September 1946-April 1961, Publications Division, Ministry of Information and Broadcasting, Govt. of India, 1961.
- 9. Nancy Jetly and Rajendra Prasad, India's Foreign Policy: Challenges And Prospects, Vikas Pub. House, 1999.
- 10. S.D. Muni, India's foreign Policy, the Democracy Dimension, Foundation Books, 2009.
- 11. Shashi Tharoor, Reasons of State: Political development and India's foreign policy under Indira Gandhi, Vikas Publishing House pvt ltd., 1982.
- 12. B.R. Nanda edited India's Foreign Policy in the Nehru Years, Vikas Publishing House pvt. ltd., 1976.
- 13. V. P. Dutta, India's Foreign Policy since Independence, National Book Trust, 2007.

Course	On completion of this course, students are expected to
Outcome	Understand the basic features of Indian foreign policy that have evolved over seven
	decades of nationhood.
	Understand processes of policy making and appreciate the complexities involved in it.
	Appreciate the role of various Prime Ministers in the foreign policy making.
	Know the challenges that India faces in its neighbourhood and the reasons behind the
	policy stances.
	Gain an understanding of the history and current India's policy with regards to our
	relations with important world players and regional powers.
	Understand India's stand on Nuclear Weapons and the restructuring of the UN.

PSC E-302(B) INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS OF SOUTH ASIA (Elective)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
	INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS OF SOUTH ASIA	4	20	80
	International relations of South Asia are based on the study of South Asia as a region. The course will consider a number of conceptual and policies' questions and explore how the South Asian region has been transforming with the globalization of its economy, the resurgent ethnic conflicts, situated in a nuclearized security environment and the ever deepening and rapidly pervading connections with the global and local extremism and terrorism.			
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge on International relations of South Asia			
Teaching	Regular Classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of oral			
Scheme	& PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc. to have both conceptual clarity as well as practical understanding on the subject.			

Detailed Syllabus:

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	The Origins and nature of South Asian States.	13
	Socio-Cultural Structures and the Post-colonial challenges of State construction and nation- building.	
Unit-II	Limits of Structural realism and South Asian security.	13
Unit-III	Deterrence theory and Nuclearization of South Asia	13
	Borders and Boundaries : Security Challenges	14
Unit-IV	Internal Conflict and Porous Borders	
	Democratization and the Crises of Governance.	
	Migration, Refugee problems	
	Human development	
	Total	52

Selected Readings:

1. Bose, Sugata and Ayesha Jalal (2004), Modern South Asia: History, Culture, Political

Economy, London: Routledge.

- 2. Ludden, David (2002), India and South Asia: A Short History, Oxford: One World Publishers.
- 3. Nandy, Ashis (1983), The Intimate Enemy: The Loss and Recovery of the Self under Colonialism. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 4. Jalal, Ayesha (1995), Democracy and Authoritarianism in South Asia: A Comparative and Historical Perspective. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- 5. Sridharan, E. (ed.) (2011), International Relations Theory and South Asia. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on	
Outcome	A number of conceptual and policies' questions and explore how the South Asian	
	region has been transforming with the globalization of its economy,	
	The resurgent ethnic conflicts, situated in a nuclearized security environment and the	
	ever deepening and rapidly pervading connections with the global and local extremism	
	and terrorism	

PSC E 303 (A): PUBLIC POLICY AND GOVERNANCE (Elective)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
PSC E 303 (A)	PUBLIC POLICY AND GOVERNANCE	4	20	80
	The paper seeks to provide an in policy and administration in India effectiveness in translating the go policies and making it a part of the decentralization, financial manager welfare from a non-western perspect different dimensions of governan contemporary times. There is a need of governance in the context administration, development. The of the various good governance initiati	a. The es overning e commu nent, citiz ective. Th ce highli to unders of a g essence o	sence of public philosophy into nity living. It do zens and admini- nis paper deals ghting the maj stand the import globalizing wo of governance is	policy lies in its programmes and eals with issues of istration and social with concepts and or debates in the ance of the concept rld, environment,
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge on Public Policy	and Gove	ernance	
C	Regular Classroom lectures along w & PPT presentation, group discussi clarity as well as practical understar	on, term	paper etc. to ha	

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Public Policy: Meaning, Nature, and Types	13
	Governance: Meaning, Definition, Types. Difference between Government and Governance, Evolution of the concept of governance, Neo-liberal discourse and its critique.	

Unit-II	Issues of State and Development: Society, State and Market: Autonomy, Strength and Weakness; New Public Management and its critique	13
Unit-III	Public Policy Process in India Public policy and Human Security: Public Policies with special reference to Housing, Health, Drinking Water, Food Security, MGNREGA, NRHM, RTE Act, New Education Policy 2020.	
Unit-IV	Institutional Mechanisms for Governance Reform in India: Good Governance; E-Governance, Right to Information, Citizen Charter; Public Service Delivery System, Corporate Social Responsibility, Ombudsman, Lokpal and Lokayukta	
	Total	52

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on
Outcome	• The philosophical basis of the ideologies with special emphasis on key thinkers
	and their theoretical formulations.
	• The legacy of all the major ideologies.

PSC E-303 (B): SOCIAL EXCLUSION AND INCLUSIVE POLICY (Elective)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
PSC E 303(B)	SOCIAL EXCLUSION AND INCLUSIVE POLICY	4	20	80
	This course provides better opportun practical aspects of social exclusion. it would give wider exposure to the s and dimension of Social Exclusion b inclusion. the specific Objectives of Conceptualizing discrimination, caste/ethnicity and religion. Developing understanding of the na exclusion. Contextualizing and problematizing Developing an understanding of disc Formulating policies for protecting to the problem of exclusion and discrim	The co students out also this cou exclusi ature an discrim criminat the righ	urse is designed not only about on various tools urse are on and inclu d dynamics of ination, exclusio ion at an empiri ts of these grou	in such a way that the various aspects and mechanism of usion based on discrimination and on and inclusion. cal level.
-	Basic Knowledge on theoretical and policy for social inclusion.	l practic	al aspects of so	cial exclusion and
	Regular Classroom lectures along wi & PPT presentation, group discussio clarity as well as practical understand	n, term	paper etc. to ha	

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Social Exclusion- Concept, Approaches	13
	Historical Background of the Concept of Social Exclusion; humiliation,	
	inequalities- social, economic and political, untouchability, stigmatization,	
	discrimination, deprivation, marginalization	
Unit-II	Forms of Social Exclusion	13
	I Religion, Race, Caste, Class, Gender, Indigenous/Adivasi, Disability	
	Migrants and Refugees, Region, Language and Ethnicity, Illness.	
Unit-III	Ability Enhancement: Education and Social Exclusion	13
	Minorities: Rights and Inclusive Policy	
	Scheduled Castes: Rights and Inclusive Policy	
	Scheduled Tribes: Rights and Inclusive Policy	
	Disability: Rights and Inclusive Policy	
	Women: Rights and Inclusive Policy	
	Gender beyond Binaries: Rights and Inclusive Policy	
	Social Exclusion and Inclusive Policy- the link: Reservation policies for the	14
Unit-IV	socially and educationally backward in India.	
	Issues and Challenges in Public Policy	
	Total	52

Course	1. The course provides an insight into the historical background of the concept social
Outcome	exclusion
	2. The students will see how the concept is related to various theoretical concepts of inequality, poverty and discrimination
	3. It discusses different modes of social exclusion with case studies from India and elsewhere
	4. It discusses case studies relating to social exclusion with a specific focus on poverty, discrimination, deprivation and inequality

PSC E-304 (A): POLITICAL IDEOLOGIES (Elective)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal	External Marks
			Marks	
PSC E-304 (A):	POLITICAL IDEOLOGIES	4	20	80
	This paper studies the role of different political ideologies and their impact in politics. Each ideology is critically studied in its historical context. In course of its evolution and development, the different streams and subtle nuances within each ideology, the changes and continuities in its doctrine and its relevance to contemporary times are highlighted.			
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge on different Political Ic	leologie	es	
Ũ	Regular Classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of ora			
	& PPT presentation, group discussion, ter	rm pape	er etc. to ha	ave both conceptual
	clarity as well as practical understanding	on the	subject.	

Unit Topics Hours	1	Unit	Topics	Hours
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Unit-I	Contemporary Perspectives-I: Liberalism, Marxism, Feminism,	13
Unit-II	Contemporary Perspectives-II: Neo Liberalism, Neo- Marxism, Multiculturalism, Post Modernism, Ecologism	.13
Unit-III	Nationalism: European & Non-European, Internationalism	13
Unit-IV	A Debate on End of Ideologies	13
	Total	52

Selected Readings

- 1. B. Anderson; Imagined Communities, London, Verso, 1991.
- 2. S. Avineri and A. de Shalit (eds.), Communitarianism and Individualism, Oxford,
- 3. Oxford University Press, 1992.
- 4. L. P. Baradat, Political Ideologies: Their Origins and Impact, Englewood Cliffs NJ Prentice Hall, 1989.
- 5. R. M. Christenson, et al., Ideologies and Modern Politics, London, Thomas Nelson and Sons, 1971.
- 6. R. H. Cox, Ideology, Politics and Political Theory, Belmont California, Wadsworth, 1969.
- 7. C. Funderbunk and R.G. Thobaben, Political Ideologies: Left, Center and Right, New York, Harper Collins College Publishers, 1994.
- 8. P. Gay, The Dilemma of Democratic Socialism: Eduard Bernstein's challenge to Marx, New York, Columbia University Press, 1952.
- 9. J. Gray, Liberalisms: Essays in Political Philosophy, London, Routledge, 1989.
- 10. D. Ingersoll and R.K. Mathews, The Philosophic Roots of Modern Ideologies: Liberalism Communism and Fascism, Englewood Cliffs NJ, Prentice Hall, 1991.
- 11. W. Kymlicka, Contemporary Political Philosophy: An Introduction, Oxford, The Clarendon Press, 1990.
- 12. W. Lerner, A History of Socialism and Communism in Modern Times: Theorists, Activists and Humanists, Englewood Cliffs NJ, Prentice Hall, 1995.
- 13. G. Lichtheim, A Short History of Socialism, London, Weidenfeld and Nicolson, 1970.
- 14. R. C. Macridis, Contemporary Political Ideologies: Movements and Regimes, New York, Harper Collins, 1992.
- 15. H. C. Mansfield, The Spirit of Liberalism, Cambridge, Harvard University Press.
- 16. P. Marshall, Demanding the Impossible: A History of Anarchism, London, Harper Collins, 1992.
- 17. R. Plant, Modern Political Thought, Cambridge, Basil Blackwell, 1991.
- 18. G. H. Sabine, A History of Political Theory revised by T.L. Thorson, New Delhi, Oxford and IBH, 1973.
- 19. M. Seliger, Ideology and Politics, London, Allen and Unwin, 1976.
- 20. M. Q. Sibley, Political Ideas and Ideologies: A History of Political Thought, New Delhi, Surjeet Publications, 1981.

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on
Outcome	The philosophical basis of the ideologies with special emphasis on key thinkers and
	their theoretical formulations.
	The legacy of all the major ideologies.

PSC E-304 (B) CRITICAL TRADITIONS IN POLITICAL THEORY (Elective)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks	
	CRITICAL TRADITIONS IN POLITICAL THEORY	4	20	80	
	While the compulsory papers provide the necessary and mainstream bedrock of political theory, ancient and modern, this course highlights the primary challenges to mainstream liberal theory. It does so from various perspectives which would not otherwise receive the fuller treatment they deserve				
1	Basic Knowledge on the necessary and mainstream bedrock of political theory, ancient and modern				
U U	Regular Classroom lectures along v & PPT presentation, group discuss clarity as well as practical understa	ion, terr	m paper etc. to ha	•	

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I Introduction	Interrogating tradition	13
	What is a critique?	
	The importance of a critical tradition	
Unit-II		13
Dalit Bahujan Critique	Critique of the theory and practice of caste	
	Theorizing the encounter with modernity	
Unit-III Feminism	Theories of knowledge, critiques of science and rationality	13
Unit-IV	Theories of the Public/Private, Equality/Difference	13
Gender and Sexuality	Gender and Sexuality	
	Total	52

Selected Readings:

- 1. Dobson, Andrew, Green Political Thought, 2nd. Ed., London: Routledge, 1995.
- 2. Dobson, Andrew, Justice and the Environment, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1998.
- 3. Barrett, Michelle, Women's Oppression Today: Problems in Marxist Feminist Analysis, London: Verso, 1980.
- 4. Evelyn, Fox Keller and Helen Longino (eds.), Feminism and Science, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1996.
- 5. Geetha, V and S Rajadularai, Towards a non-Brahmin Millenium, Calcutta: Samya, 1998. Gilroy, Robert, Green Political Theory, Cambridge, Polity, 1992.
- Jaggar, Alison, Feminist Politics and Human Nature, Harvard: Harvester University Press, 1983. Merchant, Carolyn edited, Ecology: Key concepts in Critical Theory Series, Jaipur: Rawat.

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on-
Outcome	• Necessary and mainstream bedrock of political theory, ancient and modern,
	• The primary challenges to mainstream liberal theory.

PSC CT-300: INDIAN POLITICAL SYSTEM (CBCT)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
PSC CT-300	Indian Political System (Choice Based Paper)	4	20	80
Objectives	This paper seeks to introduce students the key institutions and processes of governance in India. Organized in four units, the paper deals with historical legacies and foundations of Indian state and democracy with reference to the making of the Indian Constitution.			
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge on key institutions and processes of governance in India.			
e e	Regular Classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of oral			
	& PPT presentation, gro	1	· 1	ave both conceptual
	clarity as well as practic	al understan	ding on the subject.	

Detailed Syllabus:

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Preamble, and Salient features of the Indian Constitution 1	13
Unit-II	Union Executive: President, Vice-President, Council of I Ministers, Prime Minister, Bureaucracy Legislature: Rajya Sabha, Lok Sabha, Speaker of the Lok Sabha Judiciary: Supreme Court, High Court and Subordinate Courts	13
Unit-III	Political Parties, Pressure Groups and Electoral Politics	13
Unit-IV	Centre-State Relations: National Integration, NDC and I NITI Aayog	13
	Total	52

Selected Readings:

- 1. Subhash C Kashyap, Our Political System', National Book Trust of India, New Delhi, 2002.
- 2. Durga Das Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India', Himalaya Publishing House, New Delhi, 1990.
- 3. C P Bhambri, Politics in India 1947-87', 'Vikas Publishers, New Delhi, 1988.
- 4. Paul R Brass, 'The Politics in India since independence', Cambridge University Press, New Delhi, 1992.
- 5. Bidyut Chakrabarty, Forging Powers: Coalition politics in India, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2005.
- 6. Bowmbal K R and Choudhury L P, Aspects of democratic government and politics in India, Atma Ram and Sons, Delhi, 1968.
- 7. Rajani Kothari, Politics in India, Orient Blackswan, 2013.
- 8. Guha, Ramachandra (2008). India after Gandhi: the history of the world's largest democracy (Indian Ed.). India: Picador.

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on
Outcome	• The key institutions and processes of governance in India.
	• Historical legacies and foundations of Indian state and democracy with
	reference to the making of the Indian Constitution.

*PSC-VAC 305: FEMINISM: THEORIES AND PRACTICES

Subject Code	Subject Name		Internal Marks	External Marks
*PSC-VAC 305	FEMINISM: THEORIES AND PRACTICES	4		
Objectives	This course is designed to provide stude concepts, by examining the history disciplinary approaches to the study oppression been theorised by deployin objective of this paper is to analyze the private sphere from gender perspective. relationship with social and political stru- emerging feminist discourse and its chal	of ideas of of women ng new conc power dimen It will focus acture and pro-	n and differ and gender. cepts or theo sion of wom s on the quest ocess with sp	rent theoretical and How has women's pretical frames? The en in both public and ion of gender and its ecific importance on
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge on the power dimensi- from gender perspective.	on of womer	n in both publ	ic and private sphere
Teaching Scheme	Regular Classroom lectures along with a presentation, group discussion, term papas practical understanding on the subject	per etc. to ha		

Detailed Syllabus:

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Approaches to understanding Feminism:	13
	• The sex/gender distinction. Biologism Versus Social Constructivism	
	Understanding Patriarchy	
	• Liberal, Socialist, Marxist, Radical Feminism, New Feminist Schools/Traditions	
Unit-II	History of Feminism	13
	Origin of Feminism	
	Family in Contemporary India - Patrilineal and Matrilineal Practices.	
	• Gender Relations in the Family, Entitlements and Bargaining, Property Rights	
	Understanding Woman's Work and Labour	13
Unit-III	 Sexual Division of Labour- Productive and Reproductive labour, 	
	• Visible - Invisible Work – Unpaid and Paid work	
Unit-IV	The Indian Experience	13
	Social Reforms Movement and Position of Women in India	
	• Women's Participation in Anti-Colonial and National Liberation Movements in	n
	India	
	Total	52

Suggested Readings:

> Jagger, Alison. (1983) Feminist Politics and Human Nature. U.K.: Harvester Press, pp.

- ▶ 25-350.
- > Lerner, Gerda. (1986) The Creation of Patriarchy. New York: Oxford University Press.
- > Rowbotham, Shiela. (1993) Women in Movements. New York and London: Routledge,
- Section I, pp. 27-74 and 178-218.
- Jayawardene, Kumari. (1986) Feminism and Nationalism in the Third World. London: Zed Books, pp. 1-24, 71-108, and Conclusion
- Lister, Ruth, Citizenship: Feminist Perspectives, Second Edition, Palgrave Macmillan, Houndmills, 2003.
- > Lovenduski, Joni, Feminizing Politics, Polity Press, Cambridge, 2005.

Course Outcome	After reading this course the students will				
Outcome	 Identify major trends and theorists in Women's and Gender Studies Become familiar with key concepts in feminist theories and the debates associated 				
	with them.				
	• Become familiar with significant writings in feminist theories both in India and elsewhere				
	• Learn how to identify arguments from key texts, present them orally and in writing through assessments.				

Semester –IV

PSC E 401-(A) NEW SOCIAL AND POLITICAL MOVEMENTS IN INDIA (Elective)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks	
	NEW SOCIAL AND POLITICAL MOVEMENTS IN INDIA	4	20	80	
	Under the influence of globalization, undergone transformation to produce and new geographies of power. A var interrogate and challenge this develo- weakens the democratic space so ver consensus. This course proposes to contexts and forms of political contest their bearing on the retrieval of democr Social and Political movements in the reference to mobilization politics like n agrarian movements, anti – caste m development issues. To help the studen the perspectives of three major ideolo movements, Anti – caste movements & to understand the impact of movements	spaces of iety of p opment ry vital introduc ation over ratic voie Post – i movemen overmen its to dev ogical st Women s on shap	of advantage protest move paradigm t to the form e, students er developm ce of citizen independent nts for the f ts and move velop the cap rands repre	e and disadvantage ements emerged to hat evidently also nulation of critical to the conditions, nent paradigms and as. To introduce the India with special formation of States, vements related to pability of standing sented by agrarian nt. To help students ern of politics.	
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge on the new social and political movements in India				
	 Regular Classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of or & PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc. to have both conceptu clarity as well as practical understanding on the subject. 				

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Social and Political Movements: Concepts, Theories and Types. Social and Political Movements in India: Background, History and Debates	13
Unit-II	Peasants' Movements: Genesis and Growth Tribal Movements: Issues and Dynamics	13
Unit-III	Dalit and Backward Caste Movements: Issues, Leadership and organizations. Women's Movement: Gender Justice and Empowerment Challenges to Women's Movement- Fundamentalism, Caste, Violence, and Moral Policing	
Unit-IV	Environmental Movements: Chipko Movement, Silent Valley Movement & Narmada Bachao Andolan. State, Civil Society, and Social Movements in India.	:13
	Total	52

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Basu, Amrita (edited): The Challenge of Local Feminism: Women's Movements in Global Perspective, New Delhi, 1999.
- 2. Shah, Ghanshyam: Social Movements and the State, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 2002.
- 3. Shah, Ghanshyam: Social Movements in India: A Review of the Literature, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 1990.
- 4. MohantyManoranjan (ed): Caste, Class and Gender, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 2004
- 5. Oommen, T.K., (ed): Social Movements (Vol I and Vol II) OUP, New Delhi, 2010.
- 6. Singh, K.S.: Tribal Movement in India
- 7. Gail, Omvedt: Reinventing Revolution: New Social Movements and the Socialist, 1993
- 8. Wilkinson Paul: Social Movements.
- 9. Rao, M.S.A., Social Movements in India, New Delhi, Manohar, 1981.
- 10. Desai, Neera (ed.), Decade of Women's Movement in India, Bombay Himalaya Publishing House, 1988.
- 11. Shah, Ghanshyam, Caste and Democratic Politics in India, Delhi: Permanent Black, 2008.
- 12. Jaffrelot, Christophe India's Silent Revolution: The Rise of the Low Castes in North Indian Politics, Delhi: Permanent Black, 2011.
- 13. M.V. Nadarkarni: Farmer's Movement in India, Allied, New Delhi, 1987.
- 14. T. K. Oommen : Nation, Civil Society and Social Movements, Sage, Delhi, 2004.
- 15. Rajendra Singh (ed.): Social Movement, Old and New: A Post-Modern Critique, Sage Publishers, New Delhi, 2001.
- 16. Ashish Ghosh (ed.): Dalits and Peasants: The Emerging Caste-Class Dynamics, Gyan Sagar Publication, 1999.

Course	After reading this course the students will:				
Outcome	• Know the importance of a study of social movements in understanding politics.				
	• Know the difference between riot and social movement.				
	Know the common elements of different definitions of social movement.				
	• Know the main components of social movements.				
	• Know the difference between 'social' and 'political' movements.				

PSC E 401(B) LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS IN INDIA (Core Elective-Optional)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
PSC E 401(B)	LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS IN INDIA	4	20	80
Objectives	The paper contributes to the better un institutional structures, functioning and d by the state or the center and which are of the most important level of government residents, workers, and agriculture and it the end point that connects society and exercise important functions in the schem roads, run public schools, provide water citizens. Local governments are establish good; and the sole purpose of the offices providing justice, infrastructure, livelihood Local Government Studies is the study of I public management by the local institut Governments.	uties in interes nt. Its s allied the stat e of Sta , establi ed esse within i d, healt local po	cluding those e t to locals. Loc policies and p activities on a e. State and lo tes. They plan ish zoning reguntially to prom t is to serve the hcare, and other litics, policy, ac	entrusted to them al government is programs impact daily basis. It is cal governments and pay for most and pay for most alations for their ote the common constituency by r public services. Iministration and
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge on local politics, policy, by the local institutions viz., Panchayati R		-	U
Teaching Scheme	Regular Classroom lectures along with as & PPT presentation, group discussion, te clarity as well as practical understanding of	erm pap	er etc. to have	

Units	Topics Hours
Unit-I	Meaning, Concept and Significance of Local Government 13
	in India (Urban and Rural), Constitutional Frame work
	relating to Local governments in India.
	Theories of Decentralization, Concept of Delegation, De-
	Concentration and Devolution: its Benefits. Significance
	of Development of Rural and Urban Institutions in India
Unit-II	Local Governments (Urban and Rural): Evolution, 13
	Meaning, Features, Significance and Leadership.
	73rd and 74th Constitutional Amendment Acts.
	Panchayati Raj Institutions: Composition, Functions,
	Sources of Income and Significance
Unit-III	Urban Local Bodies: Varieties (Metropolitan Corporation, 13
	Municipal Corporation, Municipality, Town Panchayat)
	Meaning, Features, Role and Significance.
	2. District Administration: Evolution, Features and
	Functions. District Collector: Colonial legacy, Revenue
	Administration, Functions and Position.
Unit-IV	State Finance Commission, State Election Commission. 13
	Urban-Rural Relationship and Problems.
	Globalization and Concept of Citizen Centric
	Administration: Features and Significance Citizen's
	Charter, Concept of Stake holders and Service Providing.
	Total 52

Suggested Readings:

1. Vaddiraju, Anil Kumar. (2017). Federalism and Local Government in India. Delhi: Studium Press Pvt. Ltd.

2. Singh, Pankaj. (2017). Rural Local Government in India. Allahabad: Kitab Mahal.

3. Dollery, Brian., & Robotti, Lorenzo. (2008). The Theory and Practice of Local Government Reform. UK: Edward Elgar.

4. Singh. Vijandra, (2003). "Chapter 5: Panchayati Raj and Gandhi". Panchayati Raj and Village Development: Volume 3, Perspectives on Panchayati Raj Administration. Studies in public administration. New Delhi: Sarup & Sons.

5. Sachdeva, Pardeep. (2000). Urban Local Government and Administration in India. New Delhi: Kitab Mahal.

6. Singh, Hoshiar. (1997). Local Government in India, Britain, France and USA. Allahabad: Kitab Mahal.

7. Chandler, J. A. (1992). Local Government in Liberal Democracies: An Introductory Survey. New York: Routledge.

8. Singh Sahib., & Singh, Swinder. (1991). Local Government in India. Jalandhar: New Academic Publishing Co.

9. Sachdeva, Pardeep. (1991). Dynamics of Municipal Government and Politics in India. New Delhi: Kitab Mahal.

10. Mackenzie, W J. M. (1975). Explorations in Government Collected Papers 1951- 1968. UK: Palgrave Macmillan.

Course	After reading thus paper the students will able
Outcome	 To know the objective and to help them to take voluntary interest in the elections of these institutions. To know the local politics, policy, administration and public management by the local institutions viz., Panchayati Raj and Urban Governments.

PSC CE- 402 (A): FOREIGN POLICY OF MAJOR POWERS (Elective)

Sub. Code	Subject Name	Credit	Int. Mark	Ext. Mark
PSC E- 402 (A)	FOREIGN POLICY OF MAJOR POWERS	4	20	80
Objectives Pre-Requisites	 The basic objective of this course is to: Familiarize students with post world wa To train the students and make them tr foreign policy formulations processes an the US, Russia, and China Basic knowledge of international relations, w political developments in the US, Russia and 	ace the ide nd orientat	eas and links ions of major	that direct the powers like
_	Regular classroom lectures with periodic for problem sets, case studies, report writing, n done with an emphasis to develop coherence a understanding and the practical knowledge s	nock examation examination e	is and present	ations will be

Units	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Foreign Policy Analysis: The Nature of Foreign Policy and Theoretical	13
	Analysis	
	Phases of Foreign Policy: Foreign Policy during Cold War, Post-Cold War,	
	and in New World Order	
Unit-II	US Foreign Policy: From Isolationism to Containment	13
	US and South Asia	
	US and Middle East	
	US and China	
	Emerging Trends in US Foreign Policy and Asian Pivot	
Unit-III	Foreign Policy of the Peoples Republic of China	13
	Determinants of Chinese Foreign Policy	
	Sino-US Rapprochement	
	Sino – Russian Relations	
	Emerging trends in Chinese Foreign Policy	
Unit-IV	Foreign Policy of the Russian Federation	13
	Major parameters in Russian Foreign Policy	
Total		52

Essential Readings:

- 1. Almond, Gabriel, The American People and Foreign Policy (New York, 1950)
- 2. Aron, Raymond, The Imperial Republic: The United States and the World (New Delhi, 1974).
- 3. Baral, J.K., Pentagon and American Foreign Policy-Making (New Delhi, 1987).
- 4. Bell, Coral, The Diplomacy of Détente (New Delhi, 1977).
- 5. Fairbank, John K., China Revisited (London, 1974)
- 6. Gordon, Bernard K., New Directions for American Policy in Asia (London, 1990)
- 7. Kissinger, Henry, American Policy- a Global View (Singapore, 1982).
- 8. Nathan, James A. And James K. Oliver, United States Foreign policy and world order (Boston 1985)
- 9. Palmer, Norman D., The US and India (New York, 1984)
- 10. Starr, John Bryan, The future of US-China Relations (New York, 1981)
- 11. Chan Gerald, Chinese Perspective on International Relations, New Zealand, Houndsmill, Macmillan University Press, 1999.
- 12. Cronin Patrick M. From Globalism to Regionalism: Sew Perspectives on US Foreign and Defence Policies, Washington, National Defence University Press, 1993.
- 13. Gaddis Johan Lewis, Strategies of Containment: A Critical Appraisal of Post War American National Security Policy, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1990.
- 14. Gutjahr Lothar. German Foreign and Defence Policy after Unification, Pinter Publishers, 1994.
- 15. Haas Richard N, Intervention: The Use of American Military Forces in the Post Cold War World, New York, Carnegie Endowment of International Peace, 1998.
- 16. John Dumbrell, American Foreign Policy: Carter to Clinton, Houndsmill, Macmillan, 1997.
- 17. Kanet Roger E and Alexander V. Kozhemiakin. The Foreign Policy of Russian Federation,
- 18. Houndsmill. Macmillan, 1997.
- 19. Larrabee Stephen. The Two German States and European Security, Houndsmill, Macmillan, 1999.
- 20. Sutter Robert G., Shaping China's Future in World Affairs: The Role of U.S. Boulder,

Westview, 1996.

- 21. Whetten Lawrence L., Germany East and West: Conflicts, Collaboration and Confrontations,
- 22. New Jersey, Princeton University. Press, 1980.
- 23. Zwick Peter. Soviet Foreign Relations: Process and Policy. New Jersey, Prentice Hall, 1990.

Course Outcome	By the	end of this course Students will able to know:
	i.	The factors and mechanisms that guide foreign policy objectives of the major
		powers.
	ii.	Understand the nature and orientation of Foreign Policy from the Cold war
		days and its evolution through the Post-Cold War world order to today.
	iii.	The various challenges these powers posed before the world countries and
		what others must learn from them.

PSC E-402(B): INDIA AND REGIONAL ORGANISATIONS (Core Elective-Optional)

Sub. Code	Subject Name	Credit		Int. Mark	Ext. Mark
PSC E-402(B)	INDIA AND REGIONAL ORGAN	ISATIONS	4	20	80
Objectives	This course has been designed to p numerous dimensions of Regionalism conceptual and theoretical aspects of India's strategic approach towards im powers in the present environment. A regional organizations such as SAAR	and Regiona Process of R portant emer unique featur	l Organiza egionalisr ging natio re of the co	ations, Und n. It will do ns and esta ourse will b	erstanding the eliberate upon blished world
Pre-Requisites	Basic knowledge of international rela of the international politics	tions and und	erstanding	g of the cur	rent dynamics
Teaching Scheme	Regular classroom lectures with pe problem sets, case studies, report writ with an emphasis to develop coher understanding and the practical know	ting, mock ex rence among	ams and p students	resentation	s will be done

Units	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Understanding Regionalism and Regional Organizations: Growth and Classification. Significance of Regional Organizations in India's Foreign Policy	13
Unit-II	SAARC: Genesis and Growth, Issues and Concerns, Summit Diplomacy, India's Role in SAARC BIMSTEC, IORA, APEC, European Union	13
Unit-III	Background and Civilizational Ties: Look East and Act East Policy of India; ASEAN, SCO India's Priorities: Security, Energy and Trade	13

Unit-IV	Understanding BRICS: Origin, Agenda and Influence,	13
	India-BRICS Engagement	
	New Development Bank and Impact of BRICS on India's overall	
	Strategic interests.	
	Emerging Global groupings: G-20, G-77	
	Total	52

Reading List:

- 1. Oliver Stuenkel (2015) The BRICS and the future of Global Order, Lexington Press.
- 2. Uwe Becker, (Ed) (2014), The BRICS and Emerging Economics in Comparative Perspectives: Political Economy, Liberalization and Institutional Change, Routledge, New York.
- 3. Bhabani Sen Gupta (1993) "SAARC: Asian Prospect and Problems of Intra-regional Cooperation". South Asian Publishers, New Delhi.
- 4. Bhargava, K.K. and Lama M.P (2008) SAARC, 2015: Expanding Horizons and Forging Cooperation in a Resurgent Asia, New Delhi, Friedrich Ebert Stiflung.
- 5. Rama S Melkote, Regional Organizations: A Third World Perspectives, Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1990.
- 6. Baldas Ghosal (ed.) 1996, India and South East Asia: Challenges and Opportunities, Konark Publishers, New Delhi.
- 7. Frederic Grare and Amitabh Matoo, (ed.) 2001 India and ASEAN: The Politics of 'Look East' Policy, Manohar Publisher, New Delhi
- 8. Sudhir Devare (2005) India and South East Asia Towards Security Convergence, Institute of South East Asian Studies, Singapore.
- 9. Fredrik Soderbaum and Timothy M. Shaw (eds) Theories of New Regionalism: A Palgrave Reader, Palgrave Macmillan, New York,
- 10. Dash Kishore C, 2008, Origin and Evolution of SAARC: Regionalism in South Asia, Negotiating Cooperation, Institutional Structures, New York, Rutledge.
- 11. Rumel Dahiya and Udai Bhanu Singh, 2015, Realizing the ASEAN-India Vision for Partnership and Prosperity, Pentagon Press, New Delhi

Course Outcome	This course will enable students to:
	• Develop an in-depth examination of the issues and problems associated with
	increasing world interdependence.
	• Develop theoretical orientation to understand the causes of problems and
	possible solutions within international security architecture.
	• To comprehend major issues of global concern and international responses
	hitherto.

PSC E 403 (A): GOVERNMENT & POLITICS IN ODISHA (Elective)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
PSC E 403 (A):	GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS	4	20	80
	IN ODISHA			
	This course expects the students to stu understand how the political process even the students to do assignments based o from socio- historical as well as politi seeks to sensitize students to the change	olves at t n field st cal econ	he State level. I tudies. The stuc omy perspectiv	t will also allow dy is to be done ves. The course

	of over half a century from 1936 to the present. This Course aims to provide		
	knowledge on political culture, institutional governance and variation in		
	Internal Political Pattern within the state of Odisha. It focuses on regional		
	political parties and pattern of voting behavior among the people of Odisha. It		
	also focuses on the political history of the state of Odisha.		
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge on the government and politics in Odisha		
Teaching Scheme	Regular Classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of oral		
	& PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc. to have both conceptual		
	clarity as well as practical understanding on the subject.		

Units	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	The Odia Language Movement and Emergence of Odisha as a separate state Political Culture of Odisha.	
Unit-II	Election and Voting Behaviour: Elections in Odisha Coalition Politics in Odisha	13
Unit-III	Role of Regional Political Parties: Ganatantra Parishad, Jana Congress, Utkal Congress, Biju Janata Dal. Politics of Regional and Sub-Regional Development in Odisha.	13
Unit-IV	Women in Politics: Political Participation of Women. Scheduled Castes: Leadership and Political Participation Scheduled Tribes: Leadership and Political Participation	13
	Total	52

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Harihara Das, B.C. Choudhury, "Federal and State Politics in India, Discovery Publication, New Delhi, 1990.
- 2. J.K. Mahapatra, "Factional Politics in India", Chugh Publication, Allahabad, 1985.
- 3. Sukadev Nanda, Coalition Politics in Odisha, Sterling Publishers, New Delhi, 1979.
- 4. Sunit Ghosh, Odisha in Turmoil: A Study of Political Developments, Book land International, Bhubaneswar, 1979.
- 5. P. Padhy, (ed.) Indian State Politics, B. R. Publishing Corporation, Delhi, 1985.
- 6. B. K. Patnaik, "The Politics of Floor Crossing in Odisha", Santosh Publication, Cuttack, 1985.
- 7. B.B Jena and J. K. Baral, "Government and Politics in Odisha", (ed), Print House, Lucknow: 1988.
- 8. D. Bhuyan, and S. Muni, Coalitional Politics in Odisha, Abhijeet Publications, New Delhi: 2010.
- 9. D. Bhuyan, and Dayanidhi Parida, "Role of Regional Parties in Odisha", Abhijeet Publication, New Delhi: 2010.
- 10. D. Bhuyan, Odisha Government and Politics: Institutions and processes, A. K. Mishra Publishers Pvt. Ltd, Cuttack

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on	
Outcome	Political culture, institutional governance and variation in Internal Political Pattern	
	within the state of Odisha.	
	The political history of the state of Odisha.	

PSC E 403(B): POLITICAL ECONOMY AND DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION IN ODISHA (Elective)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
403 (B):	POLITICAL ECONOMY AND DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION IN ODISHA		20	80
s	e This course examines the political economy of Odisha. Throughout the course we will study many possible determinants of economic growth including institutions, human capital, trade, and financial development. We will also examine various strategies that governments could employ to promote growth, such as poverty relief programs, public investment in education, intellectual property right protection, and industrial policies. The course is organized into two broad segments: 1) development in the long run, which focuses on history, political systems, and economic institutions, and 2) development in the short run, which analyzes the impact of poverty relief programs, Union government's aid, international trade, and financial crisis.			
	Basic Knowledge on political economy of the state of Odisha			
Requisites				
Teaching	Regular Classroom lectures along with asso	essment c	of students by m	eans of oral & PPT
	presentation, group discussion, term paper etc. to have both conceptual clarity as well as practical understanding on the subject.			

Hours

13

13

13

52

Units	Topics
Unit-I	Meaning, Nature, Significance and Scope of Political
	Economy
	Political Economy, Globalization and Nation States
	Political Economy of Odisha- Governance and Economic
	Stability
Unit-II	Economic Structure of Odisha,
	Agrarian Policy of Odisha;
	Issues of Backwardness and Development of the State
Unit-III	Industrial Development induced displacement.
	Challenges to the development of the Scheduled Castes and
	the Scheduled Tribes and backward classes

remove regional imbalances,

Total

Detailed Syllabus:

Suggested Readings:

Unit-IV

1. Mill, John Stuart. (2012). Principles of Political Economy. Create Space Independent Publishing Platform.

with micro intervention programs;

Regional imbalances in Odisha and policy measures to13

Economic Reforms and Economic transitions in Odisha; Poverty trap and the need for external intervention; issues

2. Mill, John Stuart, & Riley, Jonathan. (2008). Principles of Political Economy: and Chapters on Socialism. London: Oxford University Press.

- 3. Weingast, Barry R. & Wittman, Donald. (2008). The Oxford Handbook of Political Economy. United Kingdom: OUP Oxford.
- 4. Weingast, Barry R. &. Wittman, Donald A. (2006). Oxford The Oxford Handbook of Political Economy. USA: Oxford University Press.
- 5. Payne, (2006). New Political Economy. London: Routledge.
- 6. Usher, Daniel. (2003). Political Economy. New Jersey: Wiley-Blackwell.
- 7. Albritton, Robert. (2003). New Dialectics and Political Economy. UK: Palgrave Macmillan.
- 8. Chandhoke, Neera. Priyadarshi, Praveen. (1999). Contemporary India: Economy, Society, Politics. London: Pearson.
- Bardhan. Pranab, (1998). The Political Economy of Development in India. New Delhi: oxford University Press. Barro, Robert. 1973. "The Control of Politicians: An Economic Model." Public Choice.
- Dunning, Thad, and Janhavi Nilekani. 2013. "Ethnic Quotas and Political Mobilization: Caste, Parties, and Distribution in Indian Village Councils." American Political Science Review. 107(1): 35-56
- 11. Bardhan, Pranab (1994): The Political Economy of Development in India; Oxford University Press, New Delhi
- 12. C.T. Kurian (1978): Poverty Planning and Social Transformation An Alternative in Development Planning Allied Publishers, New Delhi
- 13. V. M. Dandekar: The Indian Economy 1947-97; transforming traditional Agriculture Vol. I'
- 14. Bimal Jalan: Indian Economic Crisis: The Way Ahead; Oxford University Press, New Delhi 1992
- 15. Bimal Jalan, India's Economic Policy Preparing for the 21st Century: Penguin. New Delhi, 1996.
- 7. A. P. 'Thirwall' Growth and Development, 6th Edition Macmillan Press Ltd., 1999.
- 8. Vijay Joshi: IMD Little; India's Economy Reforms; Oxford University Press. New Delhi, 1991-2001.
- 16. Usha Kapila, Indian Economy since Independence; Vol. I, II & III, Academic Foundation. New Delhi.
- 17. Usha Kapila, Recent Developments in Indian Economy, Part 3 & 4 Academic Foundation. New Delhi. 1994 & 95.
- 18. Robert. E. B. Lucas and Gustar. F.; Indian Economy Recent Development and Future Prospects. Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1989
- 19. Amartya Sen, Poverty and Famine An Essay on Entitlement and Deprivation Oxford University Press. New Delhi, 1982.

Course to provide students with basic conceptual tools and frameworks for analyzing Outcome economic development issues; to give students a basic understanding of the economic development process in several regions of the world, and to give students a chance to practice academic debate on complex economic issues. The evaluation of the course will be based on two exams, a group project, homework assignments, and class participation. What do we mean by saying that economic outcomes are shaped by political constraints or politics? Do individuals behave the same or differently in economic models and political models? What are the fundamental questions in studying political economy?

PSC C-404: RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Sub. Code	Subject Name	Credit	Int. Mark	Ext. Mark
PSC C-404:	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY	4	20	80
	To familiarize students with the basic concepts and approaches to the study of research methodology. To acquaint students with the basics of research methods, techniques, and approaches and to assist in the accomplishment of exploratory as well as result-oriented research studies. To help students to identify the research problem and start asking the right questions with a goal of improving their ability to make a logical argument. To assist students to learn various research techniques (qualitative and quantitative). To train students in the process of writing various academic and popular writings.			
Pre-Requisites	To sensitize students of research ethics. Basic knowledge of inquiry and problem solving. Workable knowledge of statistics and computer application			
Scheme	Regular classroom lectures with per problem sets, case studies, report writi with an emphasis to develop cohere understanding and the practical knowle	ing, mock er ence among	xams and presentation g students on both the student of the student stu	s will be done

Detailed Syllabus:

Unit	Topics Hour	:s	
Unit – I	Meaning and Need for Research, Types of Research: 13 Fundamental and Applied Political Science Research: History and Utility Traditional and Scientific Methods of Research		
Unit – II	Meaning and Types of Research Design, Formulation of Research 13 Problem Literature Review: Sources and Use of Information Technology Hypothesis: Formulation, Characteristics and Types		
Unit – III	Research Techniques: Qualitative and Quantitative Research, Methods of Data Collection Survey: (Meaning, Types, Steps and Limitations) Observations, Questionnaire, and Interviewing, Sampling		
Unit- IV	Analyzing primary and secondary documents 1 Data presentation and preliminary analysis, interpretation of data. Report Writing. Presenting the Material: Citation, References, Notes		
Total	52		

Essential Readings:

- 1. Ahuja, Ram. Research Method, Rawat Publication, New Delhi, 2001
- 2. Art, Robert J. and Jervis, Robert International Politics: Enduring Concepts and Contemporary Issues, Longman, 2010
- 3. Dhiman, AK and SC. Research Methodology, EssEss Publication, New Delhi, 2002
- 4. Fowler, Flyod J. (Jr). Survey Research Methods, Sage, Beverley Hills, 1984.
- 5. Gerring, John 2004. "What is a Case Study and What is it Good for?" American Political Science Review 98, pp. 341-352
- 6. Kuhn, Thomas, The Structure of Scientific Revolution, Chicago: University of Chicago

Press, 2012. (50th edition).

- 7. Popper, Karl, Open Society and Its Enemies, New Jersy: Pentagon University Press, 2013.
- 8. Kohari, C. R and Garg, Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques, New Age International Publisher, New Delhi, 2019 (4th edition).

Course Outcome	After end of their M.A programme the students will be:		
	• Familiar with the basic concepts of research methodology.		
	• Acquainted with the basics of research methods, techniques and approaches of research.		
	• Identify the research problem and formulate research questions and hypothesis.		
	• The process of writing various academic and popular writings.		
	• Fundamentals of research ethics.		

PSC C-405: PROJECT WORK (REPORT IN FORM OF DISSERTATION & VIVA)

	Subject Name	Credit	Total Marks	
Code				
	PROJECT WORK (REPORT IN FORM	4	100	
	OF DISSERTATION & VIVA)			
	A Dissertation tests the ability of a student to carry out independent research. In broad			
	ways it demonstrates that a student is capable			
	explore the research area and use the appropr			
	involves a different set of ideas or different	point of vi	iews, it enhances the critical,	
	analytical and research skills of a student.			
	Basic knowledge of inquiry and problem solvi	ng. Worka	ble knowledge	
Requisites	of statistics and computer application			
-	Regular classroom lectures with periodic formative coursework like term paper,			
Scheme	problem sets, case studies, report writing, mock exams and presentations will be done			
	with an emphasis to develop coherence among students on both the conceptual			
	understanding and the practical knowledge settings.			
Course	By the end of the course students will be able to			
Outcome	• Identify an area of interest, able to explore the research area and use the			
	appropriate research tools.			
	• It will enhance the critical analytical an	nd research	n skills of a student. On	
	successful completion of the course students will be able to:			
	• Demonstrate a sound technical knowledge of their selected project topic.			
	• Undertake problem identification, form	nulation an	id solution.	
	• 46. Demonstrate the knowledge, skills researcher.	and attituc	les of a professional	

PSC 406 VAC: CULTURAL HERITAGE OF SOUTH ODISHA

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Marks
Non-Credit Paper	CULTURAL HERITAGE OF SOUTH ODISHA (ଦକ୍ଷ ିଶ ଓଡ଼ଶ ାର ସଂ ^ୟ ୃତକବଭବ)	4	50
Objectives (ପାଠ୍ୟକ୍ରମର ଲକ୍ଷ୍ୟ)	Kabi Samrat Upendra Bhanja is the master-spirit of Odia Language and Culture during Medieval period. The campus of Berhampur University has been rightly named after Kabi Samrat Upendra Bhanja as 'BHANJA BIHAR'. South Odisha is the adorable storehouse of literary and cultural wealth of ancient and medieval Odisha which has elicited remarkable national acclaim. This course has been introduced with a view to familiarizing all the P.G. Students of Berhampur University with the excellent craftsmanship exemplified by the literary stalwarts including Kabi Samrat Upendra Bhanja along with the Arts, Culture and Folk Tradition of South Odisha. (ମଧ୍ୟଯଗ୍ର ୀୟ ଓଡ଼ିଆ ସ ାହତ୍ୟ ଓ ସ°ସ୍କତ୍ତୃରି ମହ ାନ ାୟକ କବସି ନାଟ ଉପସରୁଷ୍ଣ । ଭୂଷ୍ଣପରୁରବ୍ଦି ବଦ୍ି ଣାଳୟ ତ୍ାଙ୍କ		
	ନାମପର'ଭଞ୍ଜବହି ାର'ଭାବପର ନାମିତ୍ । ଗଞ୍ଜାମ ସପମତ୍ ହୃ୍ିଶ ବୁଧହଂସ ପକଳସି ର ।ଏହାରକଳା-ସାହଡ଼୍ୟ-	•	
	ସଂଂସ୍କତ୍ୃ ି ପଲାକପରମ୍ପରା ସବହଭାରତ୍ୀୟ ଏୀକୃତ୍ଏରାପ୍ତ । ଏ ବ୍ଷହ୍ମପରୁ ବହି ବଢ୍ୟ ାଳପର ଃାତ୍ପକାଭର ପ େଶୀର ସମସ୍ତଛ ାର୍ଷ୍ୟ ଉପପଃ ଭଞ୍ଜକ ସପମତ୍ ହୃ଼ିଣ ଓଡ଼ଶ ାର ଅନୟାନୟ ସ ାହତ୍ି ୟକ କଳା,ସଂସ୍କତ୍ୃ ି ପଲାକପରମ୍ପରା ସମ୍ପକ୍ସେର ସ ାଧ ାରଣ ଧ ାରଣ ପ୍ରଦ୍ାନ କରକି ା ପାଇଁ ଏପର ି ଅଧ୍ୟୟନ ବୟବସ୍ଥ କର ାଯାଇଛ <i>ି</i>)	ଛ ା ୡର [ି] ୀକୁ	କବସ୍ଥି
Pre-Requisites	Basic knowledge on Kabi Samrat Upendra Bhanja, Othe Ganjam and Cultural Heritage of Ganjam	er Littera	teurs of
Teaching Scheme	Regular Classroom lectures along with assessment of stud & PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc. to clarity as well as practical understanding on the subject.		

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Literary works of Kabi Samrat Upendra Bhanja କବସ୍ଥି	13
Unit-II	Other Litterateurs of South Odisha ଦ୍କ୍ଷ୍ିଶ ଓଡ଼ିଶାର ଅନୟାନୟ ସାରସ୍ୱତ୍ ସାଧକ	13
Unit-III	Cultural Heritage of South Odisha ଦ୍କୃିଶ ଓଡ଼ଶ ାର ସ ାସ୍କତ୍ୃକି ବଭିବ	13
Unit-IV	Folk and Tribal Traditions of South Odisha ବ୍କୃିଶ ଓଡ଼ଶ ାର ଆଦ୍ କି ାସୀ ଓପଲାକପରମ୍ପରା	13
	Total	52

Course	The teaching imparted to the P.G. students of Berhampur University on the various
Outcome	dimensions of the literary and cultural heritage of South Odisha will help them to
(ପାଠ୍ୟକ୍ରମର	acquire a valuable understanding of the same. They will be inspired adequately to take
ନଷ୍କର୍ବ))	the positives learnt from the course and use them in future in their personal literary
	and cultural pursuits and thereby promote the literature and culture of Odisha on a